

Warning: If the information in this manual is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or death.

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapor and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to this manual. For assistance or additional information consult a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier. In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts this product must be installed by a licensed plumber or gas fitter.

Upon completion of the installation, these instructions should be handed to the user of the appliance for future reference.

What to do if you smell gas

- Close gas valve. Open windows.
- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

INDOOR MODEL Flow Modulated with Hydro-generated Ignition **520 HN** 520-HN-N / 520-HN -L

Suitable for heating potable water only - Not approved for space heating purposes (Intended for variable flow applications with steady cold water inlet temperatures)





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1 Key to symbols and safety instructions

1.1 Key to symbols

Warnings



Warnings in this document are identified by a warning triangle printed against a grey background.

Keywords at the start of a warning indicate the type and seriousness of the ensuing risk if measures to prevent the risk are not taken.

The following keywords are defined and can be used in this document:

- **DANGER** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
- **WARNING** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
- **CAUTION** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor to moderate injury.
- **NOTICE** is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

Important information



This symbol indicates important information where there is no risk to people or property.

Additional symbols

Symbol	Explanation	
•	Step in an action sequence	
\rightarrow	Cross-reference to another part of the document	
•	List entry	
-	List entry (second level)	

Table 1

1.2 General safety instructions

Read all instructions before installing. Perform the steps in the indicated sequence. Have the water heater inspected by a trained service technician at least once every year. Failure to comply with these instructions can result in severe, possibly fatal, personal injury as well as damage to property and equipment.

Installation and servicing

- Risk of fire when soldering and brazing! Take appropriate protective measures when soldering and brazing around combustible and flammable material.
- Ensure that only a licensed contractor installs or services the water heater.
- On hot components use only material with adequate temperature stability.

Installation and commissioning

- In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, the water heater must be installed by a licensed plumber.
- Do not install this device in rooms with a high moisture level (e.g. bathrooms, saunas).

Function

- ► To ensure that the water heater functions properly, follow these installation and maintenance instructions.
- Never close the blow-off line of the T&P safety valve. For safety reasons, water may escape during heating.

If you smell gas

- ► Turn off the gas shut-off valve.
- Open windows and doors.
- Do not try to light the appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch, telephone, and do not use outlets.
- Extinguish all open flames. Do not smoke! Do not use lighters!
- ▶ Warn all occupants of the building. Do not ring doorbells!
- If you can hear gas leaking, leave the building immediately.
- Prevent others from entering the building and notify the police and fire department from outside the building.
- From outside the building, call the gas utility company and a trained and certified installer.

If you smell flue gas

- Switch off the appliance.
- Open windows and doors.
- ▶ Inform a trained and certified installer.

Insufficient ventilation may cause toxic flue gas to escape. Risk of poisoning.

- Never close off or reduce the size of the air intake and outlet openings.
- The appliance must not be operated until any obstructions have been removed.
- Inform the system operator in writing of the problem and the associated dangers.

Danger from escaping flue gases

- Ensure all vent pipes and chimneys are not damaged or blocked.
- Connect only one appliance to each vent system or chimney liner.
- The venting system piping must not feed into another air extraction duct.
- Do not route the flue system piping through or inside another air extraction duct.

Danger of explosion of flammable gases

- Work on gas components may only be carried out by a trained and certified installer.
- Installation, gas and flue connection, initial commissioning, electrical connections and annual maintenance must only be carried out by a trained and certified installer.

Combustion air

 Keep the combustion air free of corrosive substances (halogenated hydrocarbons that contain chlorine or fluorine compounds).

Never shut off safety valves!

• Water may escape from the safety valve at any time when the water is being heated.

inspection/maintenance

- servicing and repairs may only be carried out by a trained and certified installer.
- immediately correct all faults to prevent system damage.
- use only bosch spare parts! damage caused by the use of parts not supplied by bosch may void the warranty.

instruct the customer

- explain to the customer how the appliance works and how to operate it.
- inform the customer that he/she must not carry out any alterations or repairs.

Danger from electric shock

- Ensure that only an authorized contractor performs electrical work.
- Before performing electrical work, disconnect the power and secure the unit against unintentional reconnection.
- Ensure the system has been disconnected from the power supply.

Risk of scalding at the hot water draw-off point

- When the water heater is in operation, temperatures in excess of 122 °F (50 °C) can occur. To limit the temperature at the tap, install a thermostatic DHW mixing valve.
- Water heated for washing the laundry, dishes and for other cleaning purposes can cause scalding and permanent injuries.
- Children, elderly, and handicapped persons are more likely to be permanently injured by hot water. Never leave such individuals in the tub or shower unattended under any circumstances. Children must not be allowed to operate hot water faucets themselves or to fill a bathtub.
- If the building has occupants in the above groups who operate hot water faucets, or state laws / local ordinances stipulate specific water temperatures, take the following precautions:
 - Use the lowest possible temperature setting.
 - To prevent scalding, install a tempering device, such as an automatic mixing valve, at hot water tap or water heater. Select and install the automatic mixing valve in accordance with the valve manufacturer's recommendations and instructions.
- Water exiting from drain valves can be extremely hot. To avoid injuries:
 - Check that all connections are tight.
 - Direct exiting water away from people.
- Measures must be taken to protect against excessive temperature and pressure! Installation of a T&P safety valve is required.

To protect against corrosion and ensure compliance with the rules for electrical safety, observe the following points:

- Use metal fittings for potable water heating systems with plastic piping.
- Use only original accessories from the manufacturer.
- When installation of the water heater is complete, inspect the ground conductor (including metal fittings).

Maintenance

Customers are advised to:

- Sign a maintenance and inspection contract with an authorized contractor. Inspect and maintain the water heater as necessary and on a yearly basis. Service as needed.
- Use only genuine spare parts.

Flooding

- After a flood, do not use the appliance if any part has been submerged. Damage to appliances that have been submerged can be quite severe and pose numerous safety risks.
- Every appliance that has been submerged must be replaced.

For your safety

Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable, combustible or corrosive vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.



DANGER: Fatal accidents! Carbon monoxide poisoning.

Carefully plan where you install the heater. Correct combustion air supply and flue pipe installation are very important. If a gas appliance is not installed correctly, fatal accidents can result such as carbon monoxide poisoning or fire.



DANGER:

Carbon monoxide poisoning.

Exhaust gas must be vented to outside using approved vent material. See table 5, page 16(In Canada use only ULCS636 approved material). Vent and combustion air connector piping must be sealed gas-tight to prevent flue gas spillage, carbon monoxide emissions and risk of fire, resulting in severe personal injury or death. Approved vent terminations must be used when penetrating to the outside.



DANGER: Electric shock!

Field wiring connections and electrical grounding must comply with local codes, or in the absence of local codes, with the latest edition of the National Electric Code, ANSI/NFPA 70, or in Canada, all electrical wiring must comply with the local codes and the Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.1 Part 1.



DANGER: Electric shock!

Shock hazard: line voltage is present.

 Before servicing the water heater, unplug power supply cord from outlet.
 Failure to do so could result in severe personal injury or death.



WARNING: Damage to the appliance from over pressure.

The heater must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures equal to or more than 0.5 psi.

NOTICE:

The appliance should be located in an area where leakage of the heater or connections will not result in damage to the area adjacent to the appliance or to lower floors of the structure. When such locations cannot be avoided, it is recommended that a suitable drain pan, adequately drained, be installed under the appliance. The pan must not restrict combustion air flow.



WARNING:

 The maximum inlet gas pressure must not exceed the value specified by the manufacturer and the minimum value listed is for the purpose of input adjustment.

NOTICE:

If a water heater is installed in a closed water supply system, such as one having a backflow preventer in the cold water supply line, means shall be provided to control thermal expansion. Contact the water supplier or local plumbing inspector on how to control this situation.



WARNING: Fire danger!

 Keep appliance area clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids.

NOTICE:

 Do not obstruct the flow of combustion and ventilation air.

NOTICE: Appliance malfunction!

 If power is lost while appliance is operating. Turn off both water and power for 15 seconds to reset device.

WARNING: Risk of scalding and property damage.

Precautions must be taken prior to manually operating the relief valve to avoid contact with hot water discharged from the relief valve and to prevent water damage.

NOTICE: Appliance damage!

 Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can result in improper and dangerous operation. Verify proper operation after servicing.



WARNING: System damage!

 If a relief valve discharges periodically, this may be due to thermal expansion in a closed water supply system. Contact the water supplier or local plumbing inspector on how to correct this situation. Do not plug the relief valve.



If the water heater is used in a space heating application, all piping and components connected to the water heater must be suitable for use with potable water.



WARNING: Personal Injury from toxic chemicals.

 Toxic chemicals, such as those used for boiler treatment, shall not be introduced into the potable water used for space heating.



WARNING: Personal Injury from toxic chemicals.

A water heater which will be used to supply potable water shall not be connected to any heating system or component(s) previously used with a nonpotable water heating appliance.

2 Warning



WARNING:

• The heater must be isolated from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures equal to or more than 0.5 psig.

CAUTION:

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

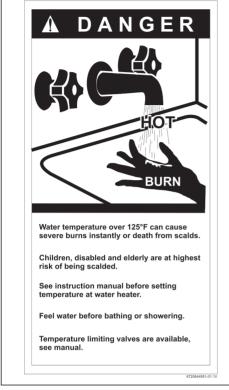


Fig. 1

3 Appliance details

3.1 520 HN specifications (Technical data)

Approved in US/Canada

Capacity

520 HN: 4.36 GPM

Accessories (Bosch part #)

- Freeze prevention kit (7709003775)¹⁾
- Pressure relief valve (FWL-2)

Water protection

• IP X4.

Safety devices

Flame failure device (ionization flame rod) Pressure relief valve (Available as accessory) Overheat prevention (temperature limiter).

Capacity				
	DTU/ha	20 725 Dtu/ba		
Minimum input	BTU/hr	30 735 Btu/hr		
Maximum input	BTU/hr	117 000 Btu/hr		
Minimum output	BTU/hr	23 906 Btu/hr		
Maximum output	BTU/hr	91 525 Btu/hr		
Thermal efficiency (Efficiency in %)	%	80%		
Gas Requirement				
Gas connection	inches	3⁄4" NPT		
Inlet gas pressure under ma	ximum operat	tion:*		
Propane	water column	10.5" - 14"		
* To measure Gas Pressure, see Measuring Gas Pressure, chapter 3.7.				
Natural Gas	water column	5.7" - 14"		
Water				
Hot water connection	inches	½ " NPT		
Cold water connection	inches	½ " NPT		
Minimum water flow	GPM (I/ min)	0.5 (1.9)		
Minimum recommended water pressure	PSI (bar)	30 PSI (2.07 bar)		
Water valve material		Fibreglass - reinforced polyamide (PA)		
Temperatures rises: ¹⁾				

Table 2

- The freeze prevention kit is designed to provide protection for the water heater down to approximately 5°F for short term conditions only. It will not protect the appliance in areas where the temperature is routinely expected to be below freezing.
- The freeze prevention kit will not protect plumbing outside the appliance from freezing. Precautions should be taken.

8 | Appliance details

- 45F rise @ 4.1 gpm				
- 50F rise @ 3.7 gpm				
- 55F rise @ 3.4 gpm				
- 65F rise @ 2.8 gpm				
- 77F rise @ 2.4 gpm				
- 90F rise @ 2.0 gpm				
Connections:		Bottom of heater		
Dimensions				
Depth	inches	8.66" (220 mm)		
Width	inches	16.73" (425 mm)		
Height	inches	25.75" (655 mm)		
Weight	pounds (kg)	35 pounds (16 kg)		
Gas types				
Natural Gas				
LP Gas				
Venting				
Natural Draft				
Vent diameter	inches	5" or 6"		
Minimum height	feet	6* with no elbows		
Vertical termination through roof or into chimney.				

Vertical termination through roof or into chimney.

Sidewall termination only with AQ4 power vent kit

Table 2

1) Depending on gas pressure and altitude.

3.2 Unpacking the 520 HN heater

Before installing the unit, be certain you have the correct heater for your type of Gas - Propane or Natural Gas.

 $Identification\ labels\ are\ found\ on\ the\ shipping\ box,\ and\ on\ the\ rating\ plate\ which is\ located\ on\ the\ right\ side\ panel\ of\ the\ cover.$

 Installer must fill out checklist on back cover to provide details in case service or warranty coverage is required.

MODEL # / N* DE MODE	ile 🗌				
ORDER # / Nº DE COMM	WDE	FD # / N* DE SERIE			
AUTOMATIC INSTANTANEOUS WATER ANSI 221.10.3 2001 CSA 4.3 2001	HEATER / DHAUFFE EAU INSTANTANE AUTOMATIQUE GAS WATER HEATERS / DHAUFFE EAU GAS WATER HEATERS / DHAUFFE EAU	•			
FOR OPERATION AT OUTLET IN HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE 300	NTER TEMPERATUR OF 140° F. psi MAX. HYDROSTATIC WORKING PRESSURE 1	50 psi.	1		
POUR LE FONCTIONNEMENTE A SOUNIS A UNE PRESSION HYD	UNE TEMPERATURE DE 140° F A LA DÉCHARGE ROSTATIQUE MAX, 300 psi, PRESSION HYDRO	STATIQUE DE FONCTIONNEMENT 150 pei			
0 - 2000 Ft. (0 - 610 m) STANDARD ALT. ALTITUDE NORMALE	RATINGS AT ALTITUDE / EVA	JATION A DIFFERENTE ALTITUDE	0 - 4500 Ft. 10 - 1370 m 1 16H ALTITUDE AUTE ALTITUDE		
	MAX. INPUT BTU/H	CONSOMMATION MAX, BTU/Hr			
	WIN. INPUT BTU/H	CONSOMMATION MIN. BTU/HR			
	REC. RATING, U.S. GAL/WIN.	RECOMMANDE U.S. GAL/MIN.			
	ORIFICE SIZE	TAILLE DES ORIFICES			
	INLET PRESS., IN W.C.	PRESSION D'ENTRE EN Po			
	VENT.DIAN., INCHES	DIAMETRE DU CONDUIT DE CHEMINEE			
	WIN.GAS SUPPLY PRESS., IN W.C.	LA PRESSION MINIMUM DU GAZ EN Po			
	FOR PURPOSE OF RATE ADJUSTEMENT	POUR RAISON D'AJUSTEMENT			
SUITURE TO UDITA POTIVALET) THE OF 046					
			6720608030-15		

Fig. 2 Rating plate

- [A] Serial number
- [B] Type of gas

The box includes:

- Hot and cold water connection fittings
- Mounting screws
- · Product registration card
- Installation manual
- Incandescent particle tray

Do not lose this manual, there is a charge for a replacement.

Please complete and return the enclosed product registration card.

The 520HN is not approved or designed for:

- · Manufactured (mobile) homes, RV's or boats
- Heating or other recirculating/pumping applications*
- Solar/preheat backup or high temperature booster use
- Installation in a bathroom or other occupied rooms normally kept closed.

* This includes domestic hot water circulator pump loop systems that may be installed in home hot water system prior to installing this unit. An approved recirculation design can be found in chapter 4.9.

3.3 General rules to follow for safe operation

1. You should follow these instructions when you install your heater. In the United States: The installation must conform with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.

In Canada: The Installation should conform with CGA B149.(1,2) INSTALLATION CODES and /or local installation codes.

2. Carefully plan where you install the heater. Proper clearances must be followed.

3. The appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual gas shutoff valve (not supplied with heater) during any pressure testing at pressures in excess of ½ Psig (3.5 kPa).

The appliance and its gas connection must be leak tested before placing the appliance in operation.

4. Keep water heater area clear and free from combustibles and flammable liquids. Do not locate the heater over any material which might burn.

5. Correct gas pressure is critical for the optimum operation of this heater. Gas piping must be sized to provide the required pressure at the maximum output of the heater, while all the other gas appliances are in operation. Check with your local gas supplier, and see chapter 3.6 and 3.7 to verify proper gas line sizing.

6. Should overheating occur or the gas supply fail to shut off, turn off the gas supply at the manual gas shut off valve, on the gas line. Note: manual gas shutoff valve is not supplied with the heater.

7. Do not use this appliance if any part has been underwater. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been underwater.



BOSCH is constantly improving its products, therefore specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

10 | Appliance details

3.4 Dimensions and installation clearances

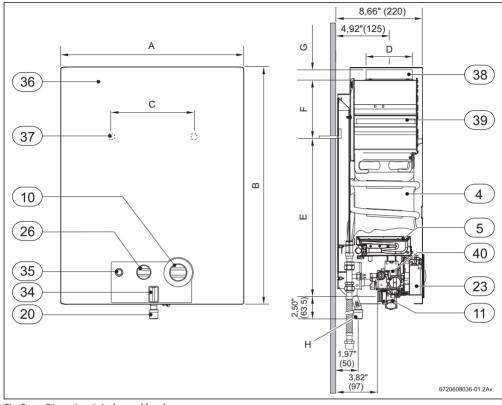


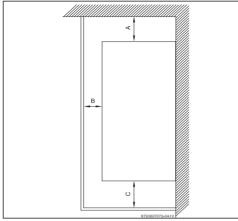
Fig. 3 Dimensions in Inches and (mm)

- [4] Heat exchanger
- [5] Burner
- [10] Flow control knob
- [11] Water valve
- [20] Gas connection
- [23] Ignition unit
- [26] Power adjustment knob

- [34] LED indicator for burner status
- [35] On/Off switch
- [36] Front cover
- [37] Mounting holes
- [38] Exhaust pipe union
- [39] Draft diverter with flue gas sensor
- [40] Gas valve

Dimensions inches (mm)								
520 HN	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н
	16.73" (425)	25.75" (655)	13.15" (334)	5.11" (130)	21.25" (540)	2.55" (65)	1.18" (30)	3/4"

Table 3Dimensions in inches (mm)



Minimum clearances Fig. 4

	Model 520 HN		
TOP (A)	12 inches (306 mm)		
FRONT (B)	4 inches (100 mm)		
BACK	0 inches		
SIDES	4 inches (100mm)		
BOTTOM (C)	12 inches (306 mm)		
Table 4			

Installation instructions

4.1 Introduction

4

Please follow these instructions. Failure to follow instructions. may result in:

- Damage or injury.
- Improper operation.
- Loss of warranty.

If you are unable to perform the tasks required to install this heater properly, please contact a locally licensed plumber or gas technician.

Please contact Bosch Water Heating with any questions.

4.2 Proper location for installing your heater

Carefully select the location of the water heater. For your safety and for proper heater operation, you must provide combustion air to the heater and a proper exhaust vent system. Follow the guidelines below:

1. Common installation practice is to determine the venting system layout and penetration first, then work back to the heater.

- ▶ 2. Locate the heater where venting, gas and plumbing connections are feasible and convenient.
- ▶ 3. The hot water lines should be kept short to save energy. Centrally locating the water heater is best. It is always best to have hot water lines insulated.



WARNING.

The water in this water heater is cold and always remains cold except for the times that hot water is being used.

- DO NOT INSTALL IN AN AREA WHERE IT COULD FREEZE
- Drain the heater entirely if freezing temperatures are anticipated in area where heater is installed. See chapter 5.6 for draining instructions.
- ► To prevent freeze damage from residual water in the heater, introduce short bursts of compressed air (20-40psi) through these connections to remove the residual water in the horizontal pipes and water valve.



WARNING:

Flammable materials, gasoline, pressurized containers, or any other items or articles that are potential fire hazards must NOT be placed on or adjacent to the heater. The appliance area must be kept free of all combustible materials, gasoline and other flammable vapors and liquids.



WARNING:

Place the heater in a location where water leaks will do NO DAMAGE to adjacent areas.

4.3 Mounting Heater

The 520 HN is approved for installation on a combustible wall provided the floor covering below the heater is noncombustible. For installations in an alcove or closet. maintain the minimum clearances to combustible and noncombustible materials listed in Fig. 4.

- check that there are no loose parts inside the appliance
- ensure that gas pipe, gas valve, and burner have no damage and are properly fitted.
- Read chapter 3.2 to verify proper gas type and to check all parts are included in box.



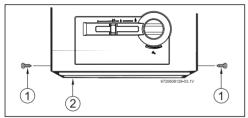
Front cover must be removed in order to inspect components visually (see instructions below).

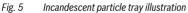
Remove cover and inspect.

- Remove the flow control and power adjustment knobs.
- ▶ Unscrew the cover fixing screws, see Fig. 6.
- Loosen the two Phillips head screws located on bottom rear of cover. Remove cover by pulling it outward and then lifting upwards.
- Ensure that the flue terminal is clear.
- After inspection, replace front cover and tighten screws.

Install incandescent particle tray.

 Install incandescent particle tray using screws provided as shown in Fig. 5.





- [1] Screws
- [2] Incandescent particle tray

Mounting heater.



WARNING:

Do not install this appliance on a carpeted wall.

The heater must be mounted on a wall using appropriate anchoring materials. If wall is a stud wall sheathed with plasterboard, it is recommended that support board(s), either 1x4's or 1/2" (minimum) plywood first be attached across a pair of studs and then the heater should be attached to the support boards, see Fig. 7.

- ▶ Install the two included L shaped hooks to wall studs or support board 13 ¼" apart (See Fig. 7).
- ▶ Hang heater on two L shaped hooks. (See Fig. 8).

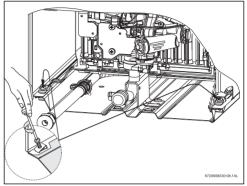


Fig. 6 Remove front cover

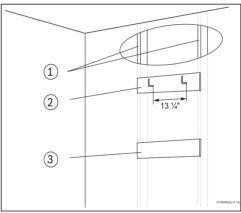


Fig. 7 Support board

- [1] Wall studs
- [2] Support board
- [3] 1"x4" Space board

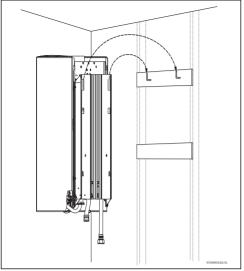


Fig. 8 Secure heater to wall

4.4 Combustion air requirements

The Protankless water heater holds cold water in its copper heat exchanger and water valve when not in use. Because of this, any cold air that comes down through the unit's vent pipe is capable of freezing these components. This Installation Manual specifies the minimum vertical vent pipe and the amount of combustion air required for this unit. When all requirements are followed, the unit will operate properly and safely. However, there may still be a risk of freezing due to negative draft if all the combustion appliances in the structure are not being supplied with sufficient combustion air. A wood stove or furnace can pull it's combustion air from the Protankless vent pipe. This allows the cold infiltrating air to potentially freeze the cold water in the water heater. Damage from freezing is not covered under the manufacturer's warranty. Supplying more combustion air for all combustion appliances is the solution. Follow the instructions on venting and checking adequacy of combustion air. A HVAC specialist should be consulted to design solutions for providing more make-up air if necessary. Observe the following instructions concerning combustion air.

Appliances located in unconfined spaces:

a) An unconfined space is one whose volume is greater than 50 cubic feet per 1000 Btu per hour of the combined rating of all appliances installed in the space. That would be 5850 cubic feet for the Protankless 520 HN alone.

b) Installations in structures that have been tightly constructed (air infiltration rate of 0.40 ACH or less) must be provided with

combustion air per the National Fuel Gas Code. Consult a HVAC specialist if your air infiltration rate is questionable.

Appliances located in confined spaces:

The confined space must be provided with two permanent openings, one commencing within 12 inches of the top and one commencing within 12 inches of the bottom of the enclosure. Each opening must have a minimum free area of one square inch per:

- 1000 Btu/hr if all air is taken from inside the building.
- 2000 Btu/hr if all air is taken from the outside by horizontal ducts.
- 4000 Btu/hr if all air is taken from the outside by direct openings or vertical ducts

Or the confined space must be provided with one permanent opening or duct that is within 12 inches of the ceiling of the enclosure. This opening must have a minimum free area of one square inch per:

• 3000 Btu/hr if all air is taken from the outside by a direct opening or vertical duct

Louvers, grills and screens have a blocking effect. If the effective free area is not known, increase the sizes of your openings by 400% if your louvers are wood and by 135% if your louvers are metal. Refer to the National Fuel Gas Code for complete information. In buildings of tight construction all air should be taken from outside.

4.5 Venting

DANGER:

- Do not reduce the vent pipe size. Do not put an elbow directly on top of heater.
 Failure to follow venting requirements may cause dangerous exhaust gases to enter living space.
- Minimum vent pipe diameter: 5inches
- Minimum vertical vent height: 6 feet, with no elbows
- Establish 12 inch rise before any elbow

The heater must be vented to the outside following all local ordinances and specifications for installing a gas appliance vent or chimney. The heater must be located as close as practicable to a vertically rising chimney or vent that has a listed vent cap at its termination point. The venting system must be designed and constructed so as to develop a positive flow adequate to remove flue gasses to the outdoors. Consult the National Fuel Gas Code if the vent will have elbows or share venting with another natural draft appliance.



WARNING:

 Do not combination vent with a power vented appliance.

4.5.1 Horizontal venting



WARNING:

 Horizontally venting to a vertically constructed vent stack along an outside wall of a building is not permissible.



WARNING:

 Horizontally venting to a sidewall vent terminator (without powervent) is not permissible.

An AQ4 powervent, with a proof-of-draft safety interlock device, is required and is available for sidewall venting. Contact your dealer. In the Commonwealth of Massachusetts power vented applications must utilize proof-of-draft safety interlock device and comply with regulations established for all side wall horizontally vented gas fueled equipment.

4.5.2 Vertical venting

- A 5 inch diameter gas vent constructed of double wall Type B gas vent is recommended. A 6 inch vent is required in elevations greater than 2000 feet, see Fig. 10 Under no circumstances must the vent pipe be reduced in size.
- An approved gas vent connector must be attached to the top of the water heater and rise vertically at least 12" before entering into an approved gas vent connector elbow.
- The minimum vertical gas vent height allowed is 6 feet; horizontal vent connectors and elbows are not to be considered in the total gas vent height.
- All gas vent sections must be secured to each other with sheet metal screws and be properly supported.

Horizontal runs:

Any gas vent section that is greater than 45 degrees from the vertical is considered horizontal. Horizontal sections must slope upwards at least ¼ inch for every foot of its horizontal length and be properly supported. Keep the horizontal section short and avoid too many elbows. The maximum horizontal run allowed is half of the total vertical vent height; horizontal vent connectors and elbows are not to be considered in the total gas vent height.

Vent termination:

The gas vent constructed of double wall Type B gas vent must terminate above the roof surface with a listed vent cap at a height that's in accordance with Fig. 9 and table 5, provided they are at least 8 feet (2.4 m) from a vertical wall or similar obstruction. All other gas vents that are not able to terminate within the minimum specified height allowed must terminate not less than 2 feet (0.6 m) above the highest point where it passes through the roof and at least 2 feet (0.6 m) higher than any vertical wall or similar obstruction within 10 feet (3.1 m).

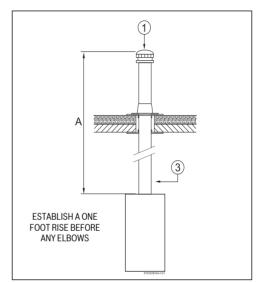


Fig. 9 Flat roof

- [1] Listed vent cap
- [3] Listed gas vent
- [A] Minimum 6 feet (1,8m)

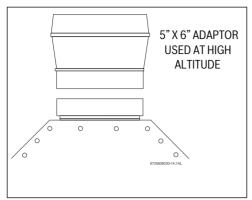


Fig. 10 Vent Adaptor for High Altitude Installations

Freeze prevention

In cold climates, components of a tankless water heater can freeze and burst from negative draft. A leading cause of negative draft is combustion appliances in the building not being supplied with sufficient combustion air. A wood stove or furnace can pull its combustion air from the water heater's vent pipe, allowing the cold incoming air to freeze the cold water in the heat exchanger. Supplying more combustion air for all combustion appliances is the solution. A HVAC specialist should be consulted to design solutions for providing more combustion air.

In cold climates where backdraft is a problem, the freeze prevention kit accessory (7709003775) should be installed.

Masonry chimney

Masonry chimneys shall be built and installed in accordance with NFPS 211 or local codes. A minimum 5" diameter gas vent pipe (metal double wall Type B), or an approved clay flue liner or a listed chimney lining system must be used when venting into a naturally drafting, internal masonry chimney, 6 inch is required in elevations greater than 2000 feet, see Fig. 6. Local codes may require the use of both gas vent and an approved lining system when venting into a masonry chimney. The Commonwealth of Massachusetts requires the use of a listed liner. Lining systems include approved clay flue lining, a listed chimney lining system or other approved material that will resist corrosion, erosion, softening, or cracking from exhaust flue gases at temperatures up to 1800 degrees F. The lining system must be listed for use with naturally drafting, draft hood equipped gas appliances. Follow local codes and refer to NFGC 54 and NFPA 58.

Existing interior masonry chimney

The metal gas vent pipe should be permanently mounted inside the masonry chimney. Double wall Type B gas vent is

recommended. The masonry chimney may have to be tile or metal lined before the insertion of the gas vent pipe; check local codes for clarification. The lining material must be listed for use only with naturally drafting, draft hood equipped gas appliances. Follow manufacturer's instructions for installation of listed lining material. You may not vent any other fuel burning appliances into any free space remaining in the chimney. The minimum vertical gas vent length within the masonry chimney must be no less than 5 ft (1.5 m); the vent terminator must the roofline and at least 2 feet (0.6 m) higher than any vertical wall or similar obstruction within 10 feet (3.1 m). The top of the gas vent must have an approved vent terminator. See Fig. 12.

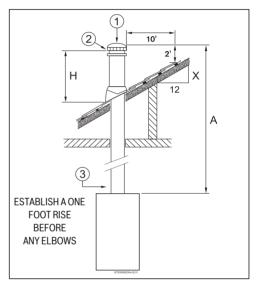


Fig. 11 Pitch roof

- [1] Listed vent cap
- [2] Lowest discharge opening
- [3] Listed gas vent
- [H] H (minimum) height from roof to lowest discharge opening
- [X] Roof pitch is X/12
- [A] Minimum 6 feet (1,8m)

GAS VENT TERMINATIONS FOR LISTED VENT CAPS					
Roof pitch	H (minimum) feet	meters			
Flat to 6/12	1.0	0.30			
6/12 to 7/12	1.25	0.38			
Over 7/12 to 8/12	1.5	0.46			
Over 8/12 to 9/12	2.0	0.61			
Over 9/12 to 10/12	2.5	0.76			
Over 10/12 to 11/12	3.25	0.99			
Over 11/12 to 12/12	4.0	1.22			
Over 12/12 to 14/12	5.0	1.52			
Over 14/12 to 16/12	6.0	1.83			
Over 16/12 to 18/12	7.0	2.13			
Over 18/12 to 20/12	7.5	2.27			
Over 20/12 to 21/12	8.0	2.44			

Table 5

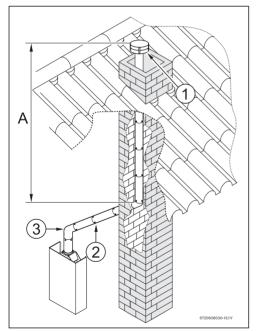


Fig. 12 Masonry chimney

- [1] Listed vent cap
- [2] Vent connector
- [3] Establish a one foot rise before any elbows
- [A] Gas vent

4.6 Gas piping & connections

Before connecting the gas supply, check the rating plate on the right side of the heater to be sure that the heater is rated for the same gas to which it will be connected.

In the United States: The installation must conform with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, the National Fuel Gas Code ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54.

In Canada: The Installation should conform to CGA B149 INSTALLATION CODES and/or local installation codes.

Mount regulator to gas inlet pipe as shown in Fig. 13. The arrow on the back of the regulator indicates the direction of gas flow and should point toward the appliance.

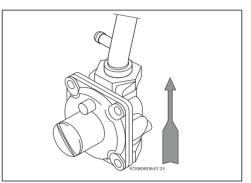


Fig. 13 *Installation of Gas Pressure Regulator*

Note: The 520 HN comes with a gas pressure regulator. Failure to install or altering the gas pressure regulator will be a violation of CSA certification of the unit. The regulator supplied with the heater is preset for the gas shown on the rating plate to the correct pressure. It is an appliance level regulator designed for (low inlet) pressure (less than 1/2 Psig or 14" W.C.).

WARNING:

 DO NOT connect to an unregulated or high pressure propane line or to a high pressure commercial natural gas line.

WARNING:

The heater must be isolated from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures equal to or more than 0.5 psig. If overpressure has occurred, such as through improper testing of the gas lines or malfunction of the supply system, the gas valve must be checked for safe operation.

GAS CONNECTIONS

- ▶ Install a manual gas shut off valve, on the gas supply line.
- Install a union when connecting gas supply.
- Attach the appliance regulator to the inlet gas pipe.
- ► The minimum diameter required for any appliance connector used is ¾" NPT.
- National Fuel Gas Code requires that a sediment trap (drip leg) be installed on gas appliances not so equipped. The drip leg must be accessible and not subject to freezing conditions. Install in accordance with the recommendations of the serving gas supplier.

When connections are made, check for gas leaks at all joints. Apply some gas leak detection solution to all gas fittings. Bubbles are a sign of a leak. A combustible gas detector may also be used to detect for leaks.



DANGER:

 If you have a leak, shut off the gas. Tighten appropriate fittings to stop leak. Turn the gas on and check again with a gas leak detection solution. Never test for gas leaks using a match or flame.

HIGH ALTITUDE INSTALLATION

The pressure regulator provided with the heater is adjusted to deliver the proper gas pressure (as indicated on the rating plate and in the manual for altitude up to 2000 feet (660 meters) above sea level. On appliances being installed above 2000 ft (660 meters) elevation, the inlet gas pressure should be set at installation to the value shown below.

Note: The gas pressures specified below refer to pressures taken at the pressure tap on the gas inlet pipe just above the regulator. See chapter 4.7 for measuring gas pressure.

MAXIMUM INLET GAS FLOW PRESSURE SETTING

Altitude	Nat. Gas inches	Liquid Propane
2 000 ft - 4 500 ft	4.6"	8.4"

Table 6Above 4.500 ft consult your local gas provider

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GAS LINE SIZING

The gas supply piping should be sized according to the applicable code for a maximum draw of 117,000 BTUH. Measure the length of gas supply line and use the tables in Fig. 14 or the gas line manufacturer's sizing tables to determine the pipe diameter necessary to accommodate the BTU demand of the unit. If there are more gas appliances drawing on the same line, size the gas line according to the total maximum amount of BTU draw for all appliances.

Note: Under sizing the gas line may result in diminished output. See chapter 3.7 for the procedure to measure gas pressure.

FOR NATURAL GAS

Maximum Capacity of pipe in Cubic Feet of Gas per Hour for Gas Pressure of 0.5 Psig or less and a Pressure drop of 0.3 in Water Column (0.75mbar).(Based on a 0.60 Specific Gravity Gas) Btu numbers given in thousands.

Copper tubing is prohibited for use with Natural Gas in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and not recommended elsewhere.

Follow boxed numbers for piping just one 520 HN (example: ¾" B.I. Natural Gas pipe for 20 ft (6.1m). will handle 190,000 btu's (55.7 kWh). For multiple appliances combine the total btu input load and then refer to applicable chart below.

			Lenght of Black Iron Pipe, Feet												
Nominal Iron Pipe	Internal														
Size Inches	Diameter	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	125	150	175	200
3/4	0.824	278	190	152	130	115	105	96	90	84	79	72	64	59	55
1	1.049	520	350	285	245	215	195	180	170	160	150	130	120	110	100
1 - 1/4	1.380	1050	730	590	500	440	400	370	350	320	305	275	250	225	210

Table 7

Tube size,		Leng	ht of Flexible	Corrugated Sta	ainless Steel T	ubing (CSST),	Feet
Inches	EHD*	10	20	30	40	50	60
1/2	18	82	58	47	41	37	34
3/4	23	161	116	96	83	75	68
1	30	330	231	188	162	144	131
1 - 1/4	37	639	456	374	325	292	267

Table 8

* EHD = Equivalent Hydraulic Diameter. The greater the value EHD, the greater the gas capacity of the tubing.

FOR LP GAS

Maximum Capatity of Pipe in Thousands of BTU per Hour of Undiluted Petroleum Gases (at 11 inches Water Column Inlet Pressure) (Based on a Pressure Drop of 0.5 Inch Water Column).

		Leng	tht of Flexible	Corrugated Sta	ainless Steel T	ubing (CSST),	Feet
Tube size inches	EHD*	10	20	30	40	50	60
1/2	18	129	91	74	64	58	53
3/4	23	254	183	151	131	118	107
1	30	521	365	297	256	227	207
1 - 1/4	37	971	661	528	449	397	359

Table 9

* EHD = Equivalent Hydraulic Diameter. The greater the value EHD, the greater the gas capacity of the tubing.

Nominal Iron Pipe Size			Black Iron Pipe Lenght of pipe, Feet									
inches		10	20	30	40	50	60	80	100	125	150	200
	1/2	291	200	160	137	122	110	94	84	74	67	58
	3/4	608	418	336	287	255	231	197	175	155	140	120
	1	1145	787	632	541	480	434	372	330	292	265	227

Table 10

Outside diameter				Cooper (LP gas only) Lenght of Tubing, feet							
Inch		10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100
	3/8	39	26	21	19	-	-	-	-	-	-
	1/2	92	62	50	41	37	35	31	29	27	26
	5/8	199	131	107	90	79	72	67	62	59	55
	3/4	329	216	181	145	131	121	112	104	95	90

Table 11

Maximum Capacity of Semi-Rigid copper Tubing in Thousands of BTU per Hour of Undiluted Liquefied Petroleum Gases (at 11 inches Water Column Inlet Pressure).

(Based on a Pressure Drop of 0,5 inch Water Column).

* Source National Fuel Gas Code NFPA 54, ANSI Z223.1

- No Additional Allowance is necessary for an ordinary number of fittings.

4.7 Measuring gas pressure

Connecting manometer

- Shut off gas.
- Remove front cover and locate inlet gas pressure measuring point on the left side, see Fig. 14.
- Loosen screw from test point on the left side and connect manometer tube on test point.

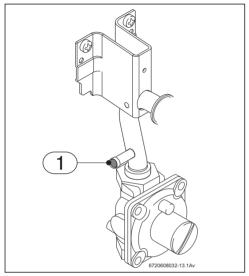


Fig. 14 Gas pressure measuring point

[A] Inlet tap

Static pressure test

- ► Turn gas supply back on.
- Record static gas pressure reading on back page of manual.

Operating pressure test

- Turn on all hot water taps served by the water heater.
- ► Turn flow control (right knob) fully clockwise.
- Turn power adjustment (left knob) fully counter-clockwise
- ► Turn power adjustment knob fully clockwise.
- Operate all other gas appliances on same gas piping system at maximum output.
- Record operating gas pressure reading on back page of manual.

Gas pressures lower than 5.7" W.C. for Natural Gas or 10.5" W.C. for LP Gas will result in insufficient degree rise to the hot water being used, and must be corrected. See Gas Line Sizing under chapter 4.6.

4.8 Water connections

When facing the heater, the $\frac{1}{2}$ "cold water inlet is on the bottom right and the hot water outlet is on the bottom left.

 Install unions and shutoff or isolation valves when connecting plumbing to the water heater. This will facilitate any necessary cleaning and servicing.

Although water piping throughout the structure may be other than copper, we require that copper piping or suitably rated stainless steel flex line piping be used for at least three feet before and after the heater (follow local codes if more stringent). Never sweat any rigid piping directly to or beneath the water connections or damage can occur to the internal water valve from heating of the pipe. Plastics or other PEX type plumbing line materials are not allowed for connecting directly to the water heater. Keep water inlet and outlet pipes to no less than ½" (12.7mm) diameter to allow the full flow capacity.

It is recommended that all hot water piping be properly insulated to avoid heat loss.

If the cold and hot connections to the heater are reversed, the heater will not function. Be certain there are no loose particles or dirt in the piping. Blow out or flush the lines before connecting to the water heater. Full port valves must be installed on both the cold water supply and hot water outlet lines to facilitate servicing the heater (see Fig. 16). For installation on a private well system with the use of a pressure tank, the lowest pressure range setting recommended is 30-50 psi (2.07 and 3.45bar).

Connecting the pressure relief valve (PRV)

A listed pressure relief valve must be installed at the time of installation. No valve is to be placed between the PRV and the heater. No reducing coupling or other restriction may be installed in the discharge line. The discharge line must be a minimum of 4" above a drain and installed such that it allows complete drainage of both the PRV and the line. The location of the PRV must be readily accessible for servicing or replacement, and be mounted as close to the water heater as possible. See Fig. 15. To install the PRV, a suitable fitting connected to an extension on a "T" fitting can be sweated to the hot water line.

Support all piping.

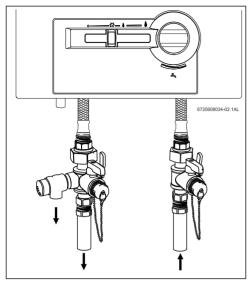


Fig. 15 Plumbing connections and pressure relief valve

4.9 Recirculation application

Since recirculation through the heater is not allowed, the following drawing is provided to outline a recirculation application using the Protankless water heater with an Ariston mini tank water heater. This schematic is for illustration only and must not be used for actual installation without appropriate engineering and technical advice from a professional properly licensed in locality where the installation is made.

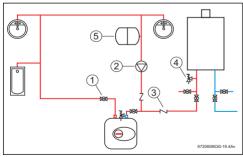


Fig. 16 Recirculation application

- [1] Full port shutoff valve
- [2] Circulator
- [3] Check valve
- [4] PRV
- [5] Expansion tank

A small electric mini tank water heater (4-6 gallon size) must be used for this application and designed so the pump will circulate the water through the mini-tank and the building's hot water return loop only. A timed or thermostatically controlled operation of the pump is commonly done. The 520 HN must be plumbed in line before the mini-tank water heater. Contact Bosch Water Heating if further instruction is needed.

5 Operation instructions

5.1 For your safety read before operating your water heater

WARNING:

 If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

A. This appliance is equipped with electronic ignition for lighting the pilot and main burners. When turning the heater on, follow these instructions exactly.

B. Before operating the unit, set the On/Off button to the On position. The On/Off button is located on the front panel. Smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS

- ► Close gas valve. Open windows.
- ► Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electric switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbors phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

C. Use only your hand to push in the on/off control button. Never use tools. Follow these instructions exactly. If control button is jammed, close the gas supply and call a qualified service technician. Attempted forceful repair may result in a fire or explosion.

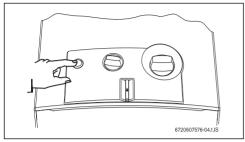
D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

5.2 Lighting instructions

► STOP! Read the previous safety information.

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► The gas valve must be shut off by putting the ON/OFF switch to position OFF _____ Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. If you smell gas, STOP! Follow "B" in chapter 4.1. If you do not smell gas, go to the next step.





- This water heater is equipped with a safety pilot burner and an automatic ignition control system.
- Set the ON/OFF button to the position ON ____ In this position, the water heater is ready to use.
- Open hot water tap to a flow rate above the minimum activation rates listed in table 4. The automatic ignition system first ignites the safety pilot burner which then ignites the main burner in about 4 seconds.
- ▶ The green LED indicator is on when the main burner is on.
- The pilot flame will extinguish a few seconds after the burners come on. The burners will remain on until the hot water tap is turned off.

Note: The 520 HN operates in two modes. See SETTING THE WATER TEMPERATURE.



Note: On initial installation, existence of air in the gas supply line and in the water line may cause some ignition delay. In that case, repeat the ignition process until all the air has been purged.

5.3 To turn off appliance

▶ Set the ON/OFF switch to the position OFF ____.

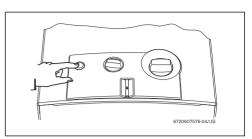


Fig. 18

 Close installer supplied manual gas shutoff valve on the supply line to the heater.

5.4 Adjusting the water temperature

The 520 HN has two knobs that regulate temperature. One knob controls temperature by regulating water flow through the heater. The other knob controls temperature by adjusting the gas supply to the burners.

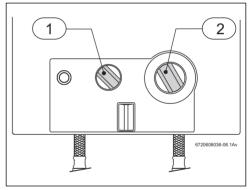
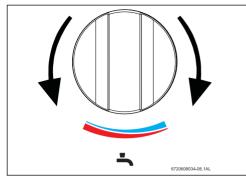


Fig. 19

- [1] Power adjustment knob
- [2] Flow control knob

Flow control knob

The flow control knob (see Fig. 20 & Fig. 21) adjusts temperature by adjusting flow capacity. See table 4 for details.





- Turning the flow control knob clockwise restricts water flow. This provides higher temperature because the water is moving slower, spending more time over the burner flames. Turning flow control knob fully clockwise also lowers the activation rate (water flow needed to turn the heater on) to 0.5 gpm.
- Turning the flow control knob counter-clockwise increases water flow. This provides lower temperature because the water is moving faster, spending less time over the burner flames. Turning flow control knob fully counter-clockwise also increases the activation rate of the heater to 1.1 gpm.

Knob position	Clockwise	Counter- clockwise
Degree rise	90 °F	45 °F
Activation rate	0.5 GPM	1.1 GPM
Max flow rate	2.0 GPM	4.3 GPM

Table 12 Flow control knob settings

5.5 Power adjustment knob

The power adjustment knob (see Fig. 21 & Fig. 22) adjusts temperature by adjusting the amount of gas supplied to the burners.

(note: change in flame height not always visible with knob adjustment).

• Turning the power adjustment knob clockwise supplies less gas to the burners and lowers the water temperature.

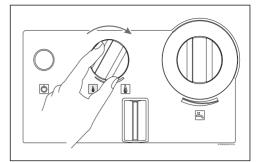
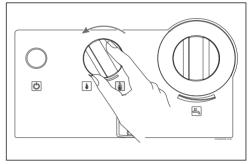


Fig. 21

 Turning the power adjustment knob counter-clockwise supplies more gas to the burners and raises the water temperature.





Maximum temperature

The maximum temperature is achieved by turning the (left) power adjustment knob fully counter-clockwise and the (right) flow control knob fully clockwise.

5.6 Draining the appliance

If there is a risk of freezing, proceed as follows:

- Remove the retaining clip from water valve (pos. 1).
- Remove bushing and filter (pos. 2) from water valve.

► Empty the appliance of all water.

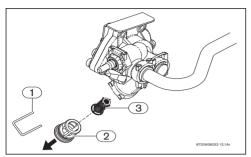


Fig. 23 Draining

- [1] Retaining clip
- [2] Threaded bushing
- [3] Filter

For increased safety shut off the appliance from the main water supply if you are staying away from home for a considerable time.



WARNING:

To prevent any freeze damage, introduce short bursts of compressed air (20-40psi) through the outlet water connection to remove the residual water in the horizontal pipes and water valve.

6 Maintenance and service

6.1 Maintenance intervals



WARNING:

 Failure to perform recommended maintenance may result in complete failure of the unit over time. The warranty does not cover failures due to improper or insufficient maintenance.

The 520 HN requires periodic maintenance. The time maintenance intervals below should keep the unit operating for many years.

Every year

- ▶ Inspect inlet water filter screen (6.2)
- ► Inspect pilot assembly and flame (6.3)
- Inspect burner assembly (6.4)

Every 2 years

- Inspect heat exchanger fins for soot, debris or blockage. Clean if necessary (5.5)
- Clean and Lubricate water valve (6.2)

Every 3 to 5 years

- Rebuild water valve with parts kit (part# WVKITCT) (6.2)
- Clean pilot assembly and clean or replace orifice (6.3)

6.2 Water valve

The water valve is the main control that tells the heater to fire. If the periodic maintenance is neglected, more costly damage may occur.

Inspecting inlet water filter screen

Shut off the installer supplied cold water shut-off valve to the heater. If one is not installed, install before proceeding. Open the nearest hot water tap to drain the plumbing lines. Position a bucket under the heater's water valve assembly to catch any water that may drain from the heater. Remove the filter retaining clip located at base of water valve (see Fig. 24). Remove the bushing to access the cylindrical filter inside. Remove filter, clean with water and inspect for damage. If the filter is damaged, it must be replaced.

Lubricating the water valve

Service bulletins are available on our website at www.boschclimate.us. Shut off the installer supplied cold water shut-off valve to the heater. If one is not installed, install before proceeding. Open the nearest hot water tap to drain the plumbing lines. Position a bucket under the heater's water valve assembly to catch any water that may drain from the heater. Disconnect the inlet water pipe going to the back of the water valve. Disconnect the water pipe leading out of water valve to the heat exchanger. Do this by removing the retaining clip on water valve assembly and pulling the pipe free from the water valve. Loosen the two set screws underneath the water valve where it connects to the gas valve. If the set screws are seized, STOP and call Bosch tech support before proceeding. Forcing and breaking seized set screws may damage the water valve and gas valve assemblies. Remove the water valve by pulling it to the right. Separate the two halves of the water valve by removing the five screws on the left side of the water valve. Apply lithium or faucet & valve grease to the pushrod and oring. (See Fig. 27, num. 4). Remove and inspect the venturi and clean if necessary. (see Fig. 27, num. 23).

Rebuilding the water valve

Several parts within the water valve must be replaced every 3 to 5 years depending on water quality and usage. For more detailed instruction, bulletin CT-23 can be found on our website at www.bosch-climate.us. Failure to rebuild the water

valve can result in decreased performance or water leaks in the heater.

6.3 Pilot

Inspecting pilot

The pilot should burn with a clean sharp blue flame. The flame should fully engulf the tip of the thermocouple. If it does not, clean the pilot assembly per procedure below.

Cleaning pilot assembly

Shut off gas supply to the heater using installer supplied gas shutoff valve. Remove 2 screws mounting pilot burner to front of burner assembly. Remove the filter screen at the base of the pilot burner. Remove 8 mm brass hex head pilot orifice from pilot electrovalve. If heater is a NG model, soak orifice and pilot burner in carburetor cleaner for 30 minutes. Dry, blow out with compressed air and reinstall orifice. If heater is an LP model, replace orifice. Reinstall the pilot burner following removal instructions in reverse. Open gas supply and return heater to service.



CAUTION:

 Do not ream or poke orifice as it will enlarge orifice opening.

6.4 Main burners

The main burner flames should be blue, with a more intense blue cone in the center core. Yellow flames could be a sign of wrong size gas orifices, dirty burners or a blockage on the heat exchangers fins. If some burners have yellow flames while others have blue flames, it is likely that dust, lint or spider webs have partially clogged the burner venturis. To clean the burners, contact a gas service person and refer to service bulletin CT-13.

6.5 Vent assembly / heat exchanger

Inspect the draft hood and heat exchanger fins for signs of soot build-up or any other foreign material such as spider webs. Clean out any debris found in the vent hood and/or heat exchanger fins. Signs of soot indicate insufficient combustion air or exhaust draft. Check for vent assembly blockage or combustion air blockage on the underside of the unit.

6.6 Mineral scale build-up

The 520 HN, when operated at lower temperatures settings, does not accumulate mineral build-up. If however, the heater is used at higher temperature settings and the water has a high mineral content, mineral deposits (scale) may form within the heat exchanger and periodic descaling may be necessary. The heat exchanger should be flushed with a descaling solution.

6.6.1 Descaling heat exchanger

1. Shut off the water supply to the water heater using (installer supplied) shut-off valve.

2.Open hot water taps to drain and relieve pressure from the plumbing system.

3. Drain water from the unit by disconnecting inlet and outlet water connections.

4. Connect the line (A) from the outlet of the circulating pump (installer supplied) to the inlet water fitting on the water heater

5. Using another line (B), connect to the water outlet fitting on the water heater. Route the other end of this line into a descaling reservoir.

6. Using a 3rd line (C) from the descaling reservoir, connect to the inlet side of circulating pump. Install a filter on the end of the line in the descaling reservoir.

7. Make sure all connections are "hand tight".

8. Fill tank with descaling solution so lines inside are submersed. We recommend a straight white vinegar solution. If using a commercial descalant, refer to manufacturer's instructions on dilution with water.

9. Operate the circulating pump.

10. Make sure there are no leaks and the solution is flowing from the descaling reservoir through the heat exchanger and returning to the reservoir.

11. Run solution through the heat exchanger until the solution returning to the descaling reservoir comes out clear.

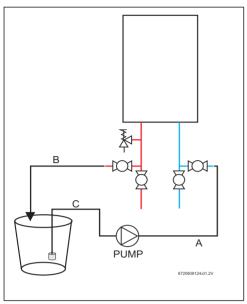
- Changing to a fresh solution may be necessary during this process.
- Several hours may be necessary to flush the heater thoroughly.

12. Disconnect all lines and drain all solution from heat exchanger. Properly discard of solution.

13.Position a container below the hot water outlet and connect cold water supply. Open cold water supply shut-off valve and flush heater with clean water.

14. Shut cold water shut-off valve and reconnect hot water supply to the water heater.

 $15. \ensuremath{\,\mathrm{Open}}$ open water shut-off valves, and return the unit to service.





7 Troubleshooting

7.1 Introduction

Many of the questions customers ask regarding operation of this unit can be answered by following the troubleshooting steps as outlined below. Visit our web site at www.boschclimate.us for more detailed troubleshooting bulletins. For best results, perform each step before proceeding to the next. The suggested solutions may require that the cover be taken off. (See chapter 3.5).

7.2 No spark at pilot with water flow

Refer to service bulletin CT-09

- 1. Ensure that the On/Off button on control box is pushed to the "On" position \square .
- 2. Ensure that cold water supply is attached to rear of water valve and hot water outlet is on the left.
- 3. Measure voltage at hydrogenerator. Disconnect the wire connector at hydrogenerator and measure voltage on hydrogenerator side of connector.
 - If the wires from the hydrogenerator are black and red, the voltage should be at least 1.3VDC.
 - If the wires from the hydrogenerator are blue and brown, the voltage should be at least 2.8VAC.

If the voltage is inadequate, refer to bulletin CT-29 to clean the hydrogenerator.

- 4. Check for crossover:
 - Turn off cold water supply to heater only. If no shut off valve is present, install before continuing.
 - Turn on each hot water fixture to hot only.
 - Wait 5 minutes.
 - If any water is flowing, even a trickle, there is a crossover or the scald protection in a shower valve is adjusted incorrectly. Consult plumber or faucet valve manufacturer for repair or adjustment.
- Rotate flow control (right knob) to full clockwise position for the lowest activation rate of about 6 gallon per minute. As the knob is turned counter-clockwise, the activation rate will rise to about 1.1 gallons per minute.
- 6. Check for obstructions to water flow. Clean inlet filter screen in water valve, whole house filters, showerheads and faucet aerators. Obstructions such as dirt, debris or mineral deposits will decrease the water flow through the heater below the activation rate.
- 7. Check for tight and clean wire connections in heater:
 - wire from ignition unit to spark electrode
 - wires to flue gas sensor on draft diverter
 - wires to overheat sensor on outlet pipe
 - wires to overheat sensor on heat exchanger
 - wires to microswitch
 - ground wire connection between ignition unit and fixing screw
- If a powervent and spill switch are installed, check the reset button on the spill switch (installed on the draft diverter). Consult powervent manual for more details.
 - If the button clicks when pushed, the switch was tripped. Check venting for restrictions and exhaust hood damper for correct operation.
- Check microswitch on bottom of gas valve. Disconnect wire connector at microswitch and jump connector on wiring cable. Run water through heater.
 - If heater sparks, check continuity through microswitch connector with water flow. If circuit does not close one of the following may be the cause; microswitch is faulty, water valve needs maintenance or flow is inadequate.
- 10. If heater still does not spark, contact Bosch technical support.

7.3 Spark appears when hot water is turned on, but pilot and burners will not ignite

Refer to service bulletin CT-10
 If there is a spark from the spark electrode with water flow, but the pilot does not ignite:

 With water flowing and heater sparking, apply flame from a match or lighter to the rear of the pilot burner. Avoid applying flame to flame sensor.

If main burners only light, repeat procedure and watch for brief flame from pilot burner:

- 2. If pilot does not light:
 - Measure voltage between pilot electrovalve wire connection and ground when heater is sparking (Do not disconnect wire); Voltage must be at least 1.1VDC. If less, contact Bosch Tech Support.
 - Clean or replace pilot orifice. See Bulletin CT-22.
 - If heater has never fired, check for correct gas type on rating label on right side of cover. If incorrect, exchange heater for correct gas type. It is not practical to convert a heater to a different gas type.
 - If heater has never fired or gas lines have recently been serviced, there may be air in the gas line. Turn water on, wait until sparking has stopped, turn water off and back on again. Repeat until pilot lights or have gas technician bleed the gas line.
 - Verify that gas shut off valves are open. Gas must be supplied to heater.
 - Measure gas pressure at inlet tap with manometer. See service bulletin CT-04.
 - If no gas is present, Maxitrol regulator supplied with heater may be upside down or locked. Reinstall correctly or unlock regulator (see Bulletin CT-14). Measure gas pressure on gas line before Maxitrol. If over 14", Maxitrol should lock up to prevent high gas pressure from damaging heater.
 - Check for tight and clean wire connections to pilot and burner electrovalves. Remove connector and clean with pencil eraser if dirty or corroded.
 - Check pilot electrovalve function: Turn off gas supply to heater, remove wire connection from electrovalve, connect positive terminal from a single cell battery (1.2-1.5VDC) to electrovalve terminal and a jumper wire from negative terminal of battery to ground. When connection is complete, there should be an audible "click" from the electrovalve. If no click is heard, electrovalve may be faulty.
- 3. If pilot and burners light:
 - Check for drafts around pilot burner. See Bulletin CT-03 but apply smoke to pilot burner without heater operating. If smoke is blown away from pilot burner, find cause of draft and correct.
 - If an AQ4 powervent is installed:
 - I. Check for presence of time delay in powervent. If there is no time delay, replace with newer style AQ4 powervent with time delay.

- II. If powervent has time delay, check for correct setting (2 seconds).
- III. Check for adequate minimum vent length. Refer to AQ4 Installation Manual.

7.4 Pilot lights, but burners will not come on

1.Verify that gas type indicated in the rating sticker located on the cover's right hand side, coincides with the gas type you are using. NG is a natural gas unit and LP is for liquid propane (See chapter 2.2).

2. Pilot flame should be blue in color and completely engulfing the flame sensor. If not, the pilot orifice may be dirty or clogged. See chapter 5.3 on how to clean the pilot and orifice.

3. If sparking does not stop when pilot is lit, the flame sensor may not be recognizing pilot flame. Verify that wire connection clip on wire from the bottom of the flame sensor is secure. If flame sensor is fully engulfed by the pilot flame, it may be dirty. Clean entire surface area of flame sensor with a pencil eraser or fine steel wool.

4. Confirm that wire connection to the burner electrovalve is secure (see components diagram for location of burner electrovalve). Inspect terminals for corrosion. To clean terminals, remove the spade connectors and clean with a pencil eraser.

5. Ignition unit, burner electrovalve or flame sensor maybe faulty. Measure voltage from the spade connection of the burner electrovalve to ground with wire connected (see components diagram for location of burner electrovalve). After the pilot lights, voltage should read at least 1 VDC. If voltage is proper, the burner electrovalve may be faulty. If voltage is not proper, ignition unit may be faulty.

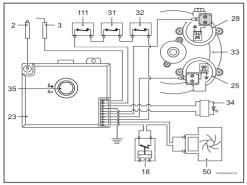


Fig. 25 Electrical wiring diagram

- [2] Spark electrode
- [3] Flame sensor
- [18] Microswitch
- [23] Ignition unit
- [25] Burner electrovalve
- [28] Pilot electrovalve
- [31] Temperature limiter/ECO
- [32] Flue gas sensor
- [33] Gas valve
- [34] Main burner operation LED
- [35] On/Off button
- [50] Hydrogenerator
- [111]Temperature limiter/ECO

7.5 Main burners go out during hot water use

1. Hot water flow rate is dropping below required activation flow rate. Turn flow control knob all the way clockwise. Fully open a hot water faucet and fill a quart container. If the container fills in 36 seconds or less, the flow rate (0.5 gallon per minute) is sufficient to activate the water heater. If flow rate is not sufficient, the water heater's inlet filter should be inspected and cleaned. See chapter 5.2.

2. Close installer supplied cold water shut off valve (if none installed, install before proceeding). Open every hot water tap supplied by the heater. Wait 5 minutes and check all taps. Any water running, even a trickle, is a sign of a plumbing crossover. Consult local plumber or service person for help correcting a plumbing crossover.

3. The minimum water pressure required is 30psi. For installation on a well system with use of a pressure tank, the lowest pressure range setting recommended is 30-50 psi (2.07-3.45 bar).

4. Hot water is very hot out of the tap, requiring a lot of cold water to be added to it in order to attain a useable hot water temperature. The addition of too much cold water will slow the

flow within the tankless heater, decreasing it below activation point, which shuts off the burners. The end result is nothing but cold water coming out of the outlet. Reduce the amount of cold water to be mixed by turning the gas control knob clockwise for lower hot water temperatures. See chapter 4.4 for details in lowering temperature.

5. A temperature limiter (ECO) is tripped. The water heater does not have a thermostat. If the inlet water is preheated, the unit will overheat, stopping the flow of gas. Supply heater inlet with cold water only.

6. Flue gas sensor is tripped. Lack of adequate combustion air or venting improperly by reducing pipe diameter, improper use of elbows or exceeding maximum vent length will trip the flue gas sensor. Confirm that venting and combustion air meet requirements in this manual. Refer to service bulletin CT-03.

7. If the water has a high mineral content, the heat exchanger may be scaled internally. This restricts the water path, causing the water to overheat and trip the temperature limiter (ECO). To descale the heat exchanger, consult section 5.6.

8. The water valve assembly, which allows gas flow to the burners, requires periodic maintenance (every 2-5 years depending on water quality and use). See section 5.2.

7.6 Hot water temperature fluctuates at tap

1. Close off installer supplied cold water shut off valve (if none installed, install before proceeding). Open all hot water taps supplied by the heater. Wait 5 minutes and check all taps. Water running is a sign of a plumbing cross-over. Consult a local plumber or service person for help in correcting a plumbing crossover.

2. Check for a clogged inlet water filter screen. See chapter 5.2.

3. Hot water is very hot out of the tap, requiring a lot of cold water to be added to it in order to attain a useable hot water temperature. The addition of too much cold water will slow the flow within the tankless heater, decreasing it below activation point, which shuts off the burners. The end result is nothing but cold water coming out of the outlet. Reduce the amount of cold water to be mixed by turning the gas control knob clockwise for lower hot water temperatures. See chapter 4.5. If the problem persists, go to www.bosch-climate.us for service bulletin CT-07.

4.The water heater is designed to modulate gas flow to the burners when water flow varies. If the water pressure in the home is erratic and the water flow is not consistent while a tap is opened, then the temperature of the hot water will fluctuate. The minimum water pressure for the home must be 30psi or greater. For installations on a private well system with the use of a pressure tank, the lowest pressure range setting recommended is 30-50psi (2.07-3.45 bar). The use of a pressure reducing/regulating valve before the water heater (directly after the pressure tank on well systems) may be an effective way to maintain constant water pressure to the water heater.

5. If the inlet water temperature is not steady then the hot water temperature from the water heater will fluctuate. The 330 PN modulates its burners when the flow rate is changed; it does not have a thermostat and will not adjust to changes in inlet water temperature.

6. If the inlet water temperature to the water heater is above 70°F, the heater may produce outlet temperatures that are too hot for most users. A temperature balance shower valve can automatically mix in cold water to reduce such hot water temperature. This can slow the flow within the tankless water heater, decreasing it below activation point, which shuts off the burners. In the event of any temperature instability with the use of a temperature balance shower valve, refer to shower valve manufacturer's instructions for internal adjustment setting. An adjustment should be made to minimize the amount of cold water the valve is adding.

7. The gas pressure also needs to be stable and adequate. Ensure gas pressure is in accordance with manufacturer's specifications (see chapter 4.8). A gas pressure reading is needed to proceed further. Contact your original installer or a local certified gas technician to obtain this reading.

7.7 Water is too hot

1. Verify that gas type indicated in the rating sticker located on the cover's right hand side coincides with the gas type you are using. NG is a natural gas unit and LP is for liquid propane (See chapter 2.2).

2. Adjust the power adjustment knob clockwise for cooler temperatures. See section 4.4.

3. Inlet water is preheated. This model does not have a thermostat and will not modulate flame height in order to prevent overheating. It is designed for cold water supply only. Supply the heater with cold water to the inlet.

4. Increase flow rate. Restrictions in the water path can slow the flow of water through the heater, resulting in very hot outlet temperatures. Restrictive showerheads and faucet aerators should be cleaned or upgraded with less restrictive ones. In addition, the inlet filter on the water heater should be cleaned and inspected. See chapter 5.2.

5. If the water has a high mineral content, the heat exchanger may be scaled internally. This restricts the water path, causing the water to boil and produce extremely hot temperatures. To descale the heat exchanger, section 5.6.

7.8 Water is not hot enough

1. Verify that gas type indicated in the rating sticker located on the cover's right hand side coincides with the gas type you are

using. NG is a natural gas unit and LP is for liquid propane (see chapter 2.2).

2. Flow at one particular tap is too great or too many fixtures are running at one time. Lower flow to stay within heater's specifications.

3. Ensure that the gas control knob is all the way counterclockwise for highest temperatures. In addition, the flow control knob maybe set too high. Raise the setting by turning the knob clockwise for higher temperatures.

4. Close installer supplied cold water shut off valve (if none installed, install before proceeding). Open every hot water tap supplied by the heater. Wait 5 minutes and check all taps. Any water running, even a trickle, is a sign of a plumbing crossover. Consult local plumber or service person for help correcting a plumbing crossover.

5.Inspect the water path outside the heater for obstructions. Make sure all showerheads, faucet aerators and whole house filters are clear of debris. Also, the water heater's inlet filter should be inspected and cleaned. See chapter 5.2.

6. The water valve assembly, which allows gas flow to the burners, requires periodic maintenance (every 2-5 years depending on water quality and use). See section 5.2.

7. Gas pressure is too low. Ensure that gas pressure meets specifications meets chapter 3.9. A gas pressure reading is needed to proceed further. Contact your original installer or a local gas technician to obtain this reading.

7.9 Burners ignite without hot water flow

1. The water valve may be dirty and sticking, prohibiting it from fully closing the gas valve. This part needs to be periodically serviced (every 2-5 years depending on water quality and use) (see chapter 6.2).

7.10 Low hot water pressure

1. Confirm adequate flow rate through the unit. With cold supply shut off to the unit, disconnect hot outlet side to the unit. Place a gallon jug under hot water outlet to catch water. Open cold water supply and measure flow rate out of the unit. With temperature adjustment knob set all the way clockwise, the flow rate should be close to 2GPM (filling the jug in 30 seconds or less). If the flow rate is not adequate, inspect and clean inlet filter screen. See chapter 5.2.

2. Confirm the incoming water pressure to the unit is above the required 30psi.

3.Inspect the water path outside the heater for obstructions. Make sure all showerheads, faucet aerators and whole house filters are clear of debris. 4.Be sure to run only one major fixture at a time with this water heater. Opening too many taps at one time can disperse water flow resulting in diminished flow or pressure at all outlets

7.11 Noise when heater is running

If the water has a high mineral content, the heat exchanger may be scaled internally. This restricts the water path, causing the water to boil resulting in noise and overheating. To descale the heat exchanger, consult section 5.6 on page 19.

7.12 Burners do not operate cleanly; yellow flames when operating

1.Verify that gas type indicated in the rating sticker located on the heater's right hand side, coincides with the gas type you are using. NG is a natural gas unit and LP is for liquid propane (see chapter 2.2).

2.2. For proper combustion at high elevations the inlet gas pressure must be set at installation to the values in table 3 on page 12 (while operating at maximum BTU). A gas pressure reading is needed to proceed further. Contact your original installer or a local gas technician to obtain this reading.

3. Combustion air is inadequate. Ensure that adequate combustion air is being supplied to the unit in accordance with requirements in the installation manual. See chapter 3.3.

4. Verify that the water heater is vented properly. Ensure that the venting meets requirements in chapter 3.6.

5. If the burner flames burn yellow or orange the burners must be removed from the unit and cleaned. Once the burners are removed, the fins in the top of the heat exchanger can be accessed from below and brushed or vacuumed clean. Consult service bulletin CT-13 on www.bosch-climate.us for removing and cleaning the burners.

8 Protecting the environment

Packing

The packing box may be fully recycled as confirmed by the recycling symbol \land .

Components

Many parts in the heater can be fully recycled in the end of the product life. Contact your city authorities for information about the disposal of recyclable products.

Saving water resources:

• Make sure you close all the taps after any use. Avoid leaving the taps dripping. Repair any leaking tap.

Define the temperature you want. This way you have the precise water flow needed (mixing cold water to regulate temperature will increase the water flow with consequent waste of water).

9 Interior components and diagram parts list

9.1 Interior components

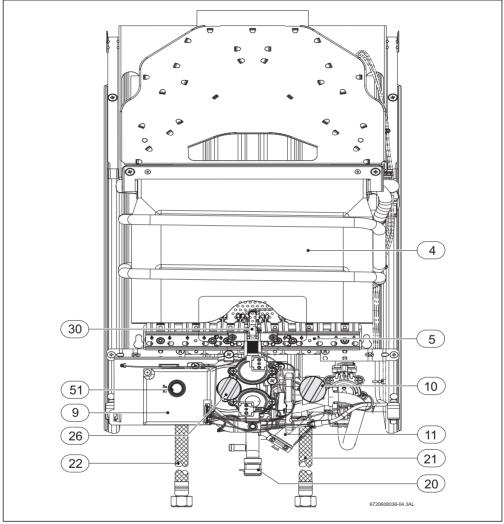


Fig. 26 Functional scheme

- [4] Heat exchanger
- [5] Burner
- [9] Ignition unit
- [10] Flow control knob
- [11] Water valve
- [20] Gas connection

- [21] Flexible cold inlet
- [22] Flexible hot outlet
- [26] Power adjustment knob
- [30] Pilot burner
- [51] on/off button

9.2 Components diagram

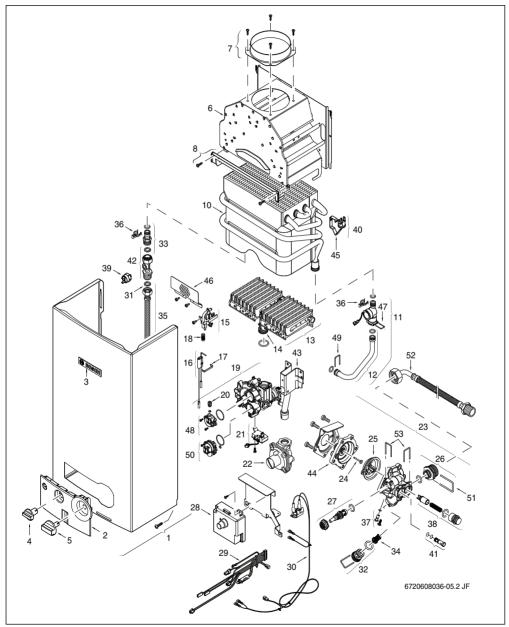


Fig. 27 Components Diagram

9.3 Parts list

Item	Description	Reference
1	Front cover	8 7 38 7 08 4 98
2	Shield	8 7 3 8 7 0 8 4 9 9
3	Trade mark badge	8 701 103 135 0
4	Flow control knob	8 702 000 297 0
5	Power adjustment knob	8 702 000 295 0
6	Draft Diverter	8 705 505 442 0
7	Exhaust pipe union Ø128	8 705 504 046 0
8	Angle bracket	8 708 003 192 0
10	Heat exchanger	8 705 406 386 0
11	Hydrogenerator	8 707 406 095 0
12	Cold water pipe	8 700 715 109 0
13	Main burner NG	8 708 120 620 0
13	Main burner LP	8 708 120 621 0
14	Connector	8 705 209 056 0
15	Pilot burner	8 708 105 655 0
16	Electrode/sensor group	8 708 107 013 0
17	Ignitor bracket	8 701 300 010 0
18	Pilot screen	8 700 507 066 0
19	Gas valve LP	87070119220
19	Gas valve NG	87070210110
20	Pilot orifice LP	8 708 200 321 0
20	Pilot orifice NG	8 708 200 322 0
21	Microswitch	8 707 200 020 0
22	Gas pressure regulator LP	8 707 406 083 0
22	Gas pressure regulator NG	8 707 406 084 0
23	Water valve	8 707 006 344 0
24	Watervalve pushrod	8 703 204 051 0
25	Diaphragm	8 700 503 084 0
26	Inlet water connection	8 700 306 110 0
27	Selector screw	8 708 500 304 0
28	Ignition unit	8 707 207 272 0
29	Cable	8 704 404 060 0
30	Flue gas sensor	8 707 206 446 0
Table 1	3	

ltem	Description	Reference
31	Heat exchanger washer	8 700 103 658 0
32	Threaded bushing	8 700 306 148 0
33	Connector	8 700 306 187 0
34	Water Filter	8 700 507 059 0
35	Outlet Hose	8 700 703 139 0
36	Water connection clip	8 701 201 020 0
37	Plunger	8 703 502 039 0
38	Volumetric water governor	8 705 705 034 0
39	ECO/temperature limiter	8 707 206 017 0
40	Temperature limiter/ECO	8 707 206 435 0
41	Venturi	8 708 205 279 0
42	Hot water pipe	8 700 705 178 0
43	Gas supply pipe	87007153510
44	Cover	8 705 500 105 0
45	Clip	8 701 300 015 0
46	Protection shield	8 701 000 397 0
47	Wire form spring	8 704 705 030 0
48	Pilot valve	8 708 501 249 0
49	Wire form spring	8 704 705 025 0
50	Servovalve	8 708 501 250 0
51	Wire form spring	8 704 705 024 0
52	Inlet Hose	8 700 703 114 0
53	Wire form spring (10x)	8 704 705 029 0
54	Protection shield	8 701 000 414 0
Table 1	3	

Table 13

Table 13

10 LIFETIME LIMITED WARRANTY FOR BOSCH TANKLESS WATER HEATERS

MODELS COVERED

This limited warranty is provided by Bosch Thermotechnology Corp. (BTC) and covers models 520 HN and 520 PN (hereinafter referred to as "Water Heater"). This warranty is provided as long as the Water Heater remains in the possession of the original purchaser and installed at its original place of installation.

WARRANTY COVERAGE HEAT EXCHANGER -Limited Warranty

BTC warrants that the heat exchanger will remain free of leaks for Fifteen (15) years from the date of original installation provided that the heat exchanger is properly maintained by a qualified heating contractor and the other conditions of this warranty are met. If during this time a leak occurs and BTC determines that this leak is the result of a defect in workmanship or materials, BTC, will replace the heat exchanger. If the Water Heater is installed in other than a single family dwelling, the heat exchanger warranty is limited to two (2) years from date of original installation.

OTHER WATER HEATER PARTS

If any other part fails within two (2) years after original installation, BTC will furnish a replacement part fee of charge.

The Water Heater may be delivered with components not manufactured by BTC ("Other Components). Other Components are warranted by their manufacturer. BTC also will warrant the Other Components to be free from defects in workmanship and material for one year from the date of installation, provided they are installed and properly maintained by a qualified heating contractor and the other conditions of this warranty are met. If a defect exists in the Other Components, BTC will repair or replace them, if BTC determines that a defect in workmanship or materials exists.

SERVICE LABOR COSTS

This warranty provides labor costs, at BTC approved rates, for one (1) year from the date of original installation, provided it is installed and properly maintained by a qualified heating contractor and the other conditions of this warranty are met.

ITEMS NOT COVERED

This limited warranty does not cover the following circumstances:

1. Components or parts not provided by BTC.

2. Serviceable items and normal maintenance as required per the Installation Manual.

3. The workmanship of any installer. BTC disclaims and does not assume any liability of any nature for unsatisfactory

performance caused by improper installation, repair or maintenance.

4. Any labor or material costs for removal, reinstallation, repair and replacement of the defective component or part unless otherwise provided above.

5. Transportation to BTC, if necessary.

6. Damage caused by operation of the Water Heater in a corrosive atmosphere, scale depots and/or highly mineralized or unsoftened water supply, electrical failures, flooding, or acts of God.

7. Any Water Heater that has a failure of malfunction resulting from operation with either the flame sensor rod or overheat sensor removed.

8. Damage caused by any attachment or modification to the Water Heater, including any energy-saving device.

9. Damage caused by operation of the Water Heater at water temperatures exceeding the maximum rating, or if the water is not supplied with potable water.

10. Shipping charges, delivery expenses or administrative fees incurred by the purchaser in repairing or replacing the Water Heater.

CONDITIONS OF WARRANTY

The warranty herein is void under the following circumstances:

1. Failure or malfunction resulting from improper or negligent operation, accident, abuse, freezing, misuse, unauthorized alteration or improper installation, repair or maintenance. See the Owner's Manual for installation and maintenance information.

2. Any Water Heater that is operated without a flame sensor rod or overheat sensor.

3. Any Water Heater that is used or operated in a corrosive atmosphere or at water temperatures exceeding the maximum rating, or if the Water Heater is not supplied with potable water. 4. Work performed without prior authorization or approval and without authorization/requisition number and without proper documentation verifying compliance with above terms.

LIMITED WARRANTY

OTHER THAN THE OBLIGATIONS OF BTC EXPRESSLY SET FORTH HERIN, BTC DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. BTC'S SOLE OBLIGATION WITH RESPECT TO THE WATER HEATER AND PURCHASER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES ARE SET FORTH IN THE FOREGOING LIMITED WARRANTY. BTC SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, PUNITIVE, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SIMILAR DAMAGES INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMIITATION, INJURY OR DAMAGE TO PERSONS OR PROPERTY OR DAMAGES FOR LOSS OF USE, LOST PROFITS, INCONVENIENCE OR LOSS OF TIME.

NOTE THAT ANY REPAIRED OR REPLACED PRODUCT WILL BE WARRANTED FOR ONLY THE UNEXPIRED TERM OF THE ORIGINAL WARRANTY.

Some states do not allow the exclusion of limitation of damages, or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations and exclusions may not apply to you.

WARRANTY CLAIMS PROCESS

If you have a warranty claim you should notify the heating contractor who installed your water heater and ask that the contractor notify the distributor from whom the contractor purchased the Water heater. If this action is not possible or you don't receive a response, contact Bosch Thermotechnology Corp., 50 Wentworth Avenue, Londonderry, NH 03053. To process your claim, you will need a copy of your original invoice or other proof of purchase and documentation showing the original installation date and location. The alleged defective components or parts must be returned to BTC in accordance with BTC procedure then in force for handling goods returned for the purpose of inspection to determine cause of failure (contact BTC if you have questions regarding the return process). If BTC determines that the returned components and/or parts are defective and that this warranty applies. BTC will furnish the repaired or replacement components and/or parts to an authorized BTC distributor who, in turn, will forward the components and/or parts to the heating contractor who installed your Water Heater.

11 Installer Checklist to be completed by installer upon installation

Serial Number	
(8 digit serial number is	
located on rating plate on	
right side panel)	
Gas Pressure Reading ¹⁾	
Static	
Operating	
Water Pressure	
Building Water Pressure	
Range if on Well system	
Installing Company	
Installer name	
Address	
Phone	
Table 14	

- 1) See Chapter 4.7, page 20 and gas pressure table (to be filled out by installer).
- i

Installation manual should be left with the owner after the installation is tested and completed.



United States and Canada

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